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THE OAD

CONNECT

By Seymour M. Hersh

ive years ago, two former operatives of the United States Central Intelligence Agency — Edwin P. Wilson and Frank E. Terpil — made a business deal with Col. Muammar el-Qaddafi, the ruler of Libya. In essence,

the former C.I.A. men, who had become partners in an export-import business, agreed to sell Colonel Qaddafi their accumulated years of American intelligence-agency contacts, experience and expertise. Theirs was a product that could not be purchased on the open market. The colonel, who boasts of supporting terrorism in the Middle East, Europe and Africa and who has been attempting to set up his own new federation of Arab and Moslem states, was willing — and able, because of his vast oil wealth — to pay dearly.

As a result, the two Americans, according to Federal investigators, have made millions of dollars aiding Qaddafi in his drive to export terrorism and build his own Middle Eastern power. Under cover of their export-import business, Wilson and Terpil are said to have helped Libya set up a manufacturing plant for the production of assassination weapons; to have themselves helped Qaddafi plan political assassinations; to have recruited dozens of former Green Berets to teach Libyan soldiers and Arab terrorists how to handle volatile explosives --- how, for example, to turn ashtrays into weapons of terror; to have illegally shipped arms explosives to Libya with the aid of forged and fraudulent State Department export

Seymour M. Hersh, a former New York Times reporter, is now at work on a book about Henry Kissinger to be published by Summit Books. certificates, and to have involved out former C.I.A. employees in th projects.

Information about the Qaddafi conection has been known by the Government since the fall of 1976. It was that Kevin P. Mulcahy, at the time partner of Wilson and Terpil, in proached the C.I.A. and the Fede Bureau of Investigation with gradoubts about the legality and ethics his company's business dealings we Libya. Mulcahy, a former C.I.A. e ployee who had spent six months institute Wilson-Terpil operation, workspend hundreds of hours, over the nefew years, providing the Government with firsthand knowledge.

Kevin Mulcahy has now decided tell his story publicly for the first tin He's tired of waiting for this segment his life to end. He wants to be list again in the telephone directory, to he a driver's license in his own name. vote, to own property; to stop living if he - and not Wilson and Terpil - h been indicted for wrongdoing. He fe he is forced now, in effect, to give ! testimony in the pages of The New Yo Times. The essentials of his accor have been verified where possil through secret documents and in inte views with key members of the Sta Department, the Justice Departme the F.B.I., the United States Attorne office in Washington, as well as w Stansfield Turner, the former head Central Intelligence, and other hi C.I.A. officials.

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The Wilson-Terpil case is a story Americans who meet secretly in bars a board rooms to arrange the illegal sale electronic-spying equipment and terror weapons, and of Americans who train sassins abroad. It is a story of an old-t network of former C.I.A. operatives a military men, and a story of present a